

4/1/2016

# Wall structures in mirror symmetry

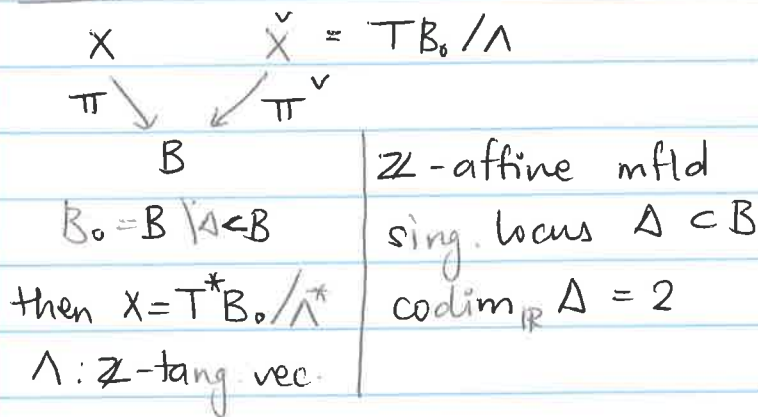
- Bernd Siebert

## I. A-model walls

In mirror symm.,  
 A-model (X)  
 symplectic (Kähler)

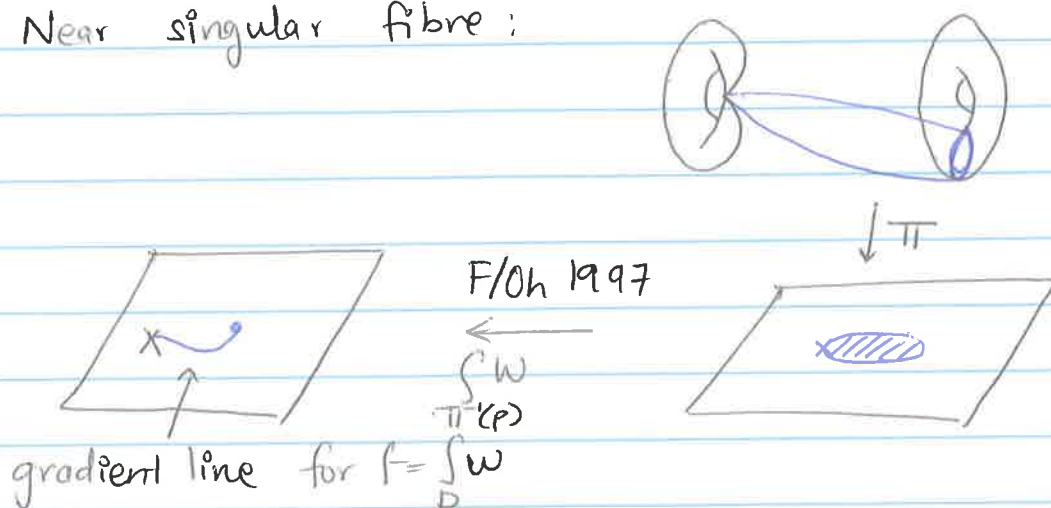
B-model (X\*)  
 complex

SYZ: (of Denis' talk)



Pblm: How to correct the complex structure on  $TB_0/\Lambda$  to get  $\check{X}$ ?

Fukaya 2001: Multivalued Morse theory  
 Corrections for  $\check{X}$  from (ps-) holomorphic disks  $\subset X$   
 Near singular fibre:



## II. B-model walls : Initial walls

Gross / Siebert : study SYZ via toric degenerations

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 X & \mathcal{X} \supset X_0 & \check{X}_0 \in \mathcal{X}^\vee & \check{X} & & & \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow \downarrow & \downarrow \downarrow & \downarrow & & & \\
 S & S \ni 0 & 0 \in S^\vee & \check{S} & & & 
 \end{array}$$

central  
elts

$X_0, \check{X}_0 = \cup$  toric  $\leftrightarrow$  momentum polytopes  $\sigma$

$$B = \cup \sigma$$

has perfect mirror duality  $(X_0, \text{log-str, polariz}) \leftrightarrow (\check{X}_0, \dots)$

Reconstruction:

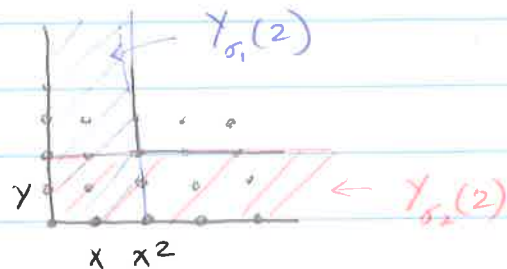
Given  $X_0$ , how to construct  $\mathcal{X}$ ?

Log-smooth deformation :  $n=2$   $\checkmark$   $n = \dim \mathcal{X}$   
 $n > 2$  : doesn't work

Instead :  $\mathcal{X}/t^{k+1}$  ( $S = \text{Spec } \mathbb{C}[[t]]$ )

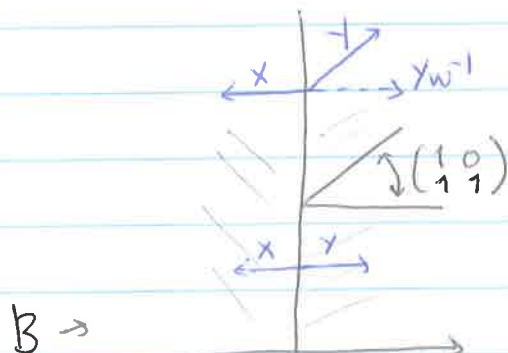
primary decomposition  $\mathcal{X}/t^{k+1} = \bigcup_{\sigma} Y_{\sigma}(k)$ ,  $Y_{\sigma}(0)$  toric

e.g.  $n=1$  :  $xy = t$   
 $\text{mod } t^2$



$$B : \sigma_1 \cdot \sigma_2$$

$n=2$



$B \rightarrow$

toric suggestions:

$$\leftarrow xy = wt$$

don't agree

$$\leftarrow xy = t$$

generators of glued rings:

$$(I) \quad X = (x, (1+w)x)$$

$$Y = ((1+w)y, y)$$

$$W = (w, w)$$

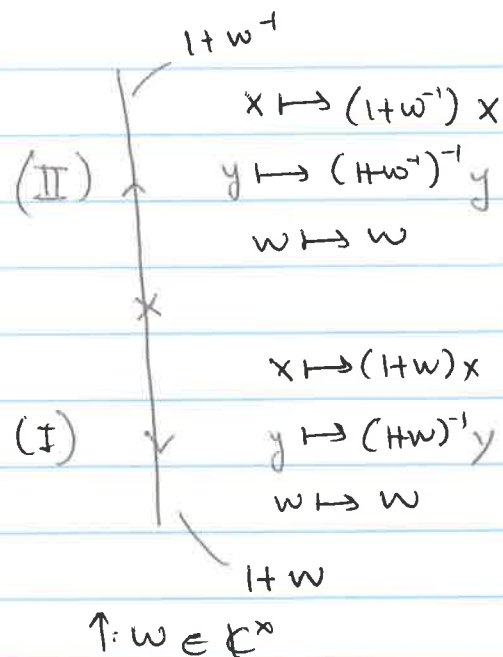
$$XY = (1+w) \cdot t$$

$$(II) \quad X = (x, (1+w^{-1})x)$$

$$Y = ((1+w^{-1})y, y)$$

$$W = (w, w)$$

$$XY = ((1+w^{-1})xy, (1+w^{-1})xy) = (1+w) \cdot t$$



$$\text{Ex: } \mathcal{X} = \{ z_0, \dots, z_n + t \sum z_i^4 = 0 \} \subset \mathbb{P}^3 \times \mathbb{C}$$

$$X_0 = \cup \mathbb{P}^2, \quad B = \triangle \circ$$

Upshot: ~~the~~ initial walls  $\subset (n-1)$ -skeleton of  $\{\sigma\}$  provide local (non-toric) models of  $\mathcal{X}$  near  $\Delta \subset B$

### III B-models: Scattering

Introducing corrections to patching of  $\mathcal{X}$  locally yields problems globally.

Kontsevich - Soibelman (2004) For  $K3$  ( $n=2$ )

construct  $\mathcal{X}$  as a rigid analytic space by interpreting Fukaya's gradient lines as carrying corrections to patching standard rigid analy. charts for  $\mathcal{X}$ .

group ruling patching : pro-unipotent alg. group  

$$G = \varprojlim_{\lambda \in \mathbb{R}} G_\lambda$$

$\Rightarrow \exists$  unique way of introducing new gradient lines + <sup>(hol.)</sup>symp. at intersections.

Gross. Siebert '07: Given  $B$ , (with data),  $\exists$  a canonical smoothing  $X$  of  $X_0 = \cup \text{torivar}(s)$  via a wall structure on  $B$ .

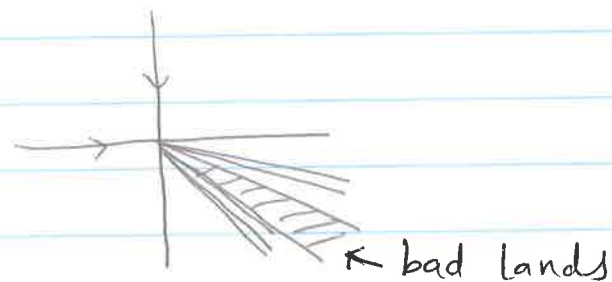
group :  $\subset \text{Aut}_{\mathbb{C}[[t]]} \mathbb{C}[[t]][M]$ ,  $M \cong \mathbb{Z}^n$

Lie alg gen  $\mathbb{Z}^m \partial_n$ ,  $\langle m, n \rangle = 0$   $n \in N = M^*$ .  
 walls  $\subset n^\perp$

Compare to cluster world :  $\mathbb{Z}^{p^*(n)} \partial_n$ ,  $p^* : N \rightarrow M$   
Important : work on the  $X$ -side making the connections by disks from the mirror side tropical.

$\text{Th}^m$  (GHKS) :  $X$  comes with a canonical basis of sections of  $\mathcal{O}_X(d)$  labelled by  $B(\frac{1}{d}\mathbb{Z})$

Note : Also in cluster world, the degeneration makes it possible to look into "bad lands"



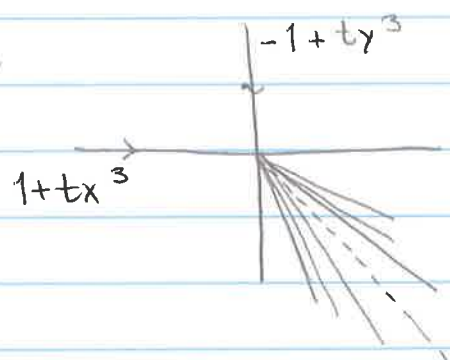
IV B-model walls  $(X) = \Lambda$ -model wall  $(\check{X})$

Fundamental case: (Gross - Pandharipande - Siebert 2009):  
 "the tropical vertex" Scattering in  $n=2$



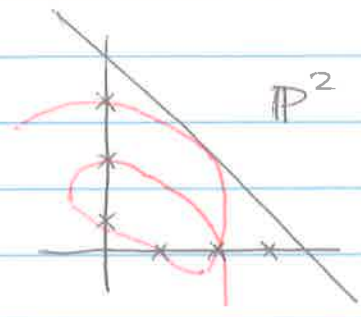
(relative) Gromov-Witten theory on toric varieties

Ex.



$\leftarrow \exp(\underline{9t^2xy} + \underline{2.63} \frac{(t^3xy)^2}{4} + \underline{3.55} (t^3xy)^3 + \dots)$

$55 = 1 + 18 + \underline{12 \cdot 3}$



Rem: This allows to reverse the logic and construct wall structures from mirrors of  $(Y, D)$  log-CY surface

Smoothing  $\curvearrowright$

In general, one ~~use~~ needs punctured (logarithmic) invariants of  $(X_0, M_{X_0})$  to interpret the walls

log struct  $\curvearrowleft$

in progress

Abramovich / Chen / G/S